

Technical Comments

TECHNICAL COMMENTS are brief discussions of papers previously published in this journal. They should not exceed 1500 words (where a figure or table counts as 200 words). The author of the previous paper is invited to submit a reply for publication in the same issue as the Technical Comment. These discussions are published as quickly as possible after receipt of the manuscripts. Neither AIAA nor its Editors are responsible for the opinions expressed by the authors.

Comment on “Computational Modeling and Experiments of Natural Convection for a Titan Montgolfiere”

G. E. Dorrington*

Queen Mary University of London,
London, England E1 4NS, United Kingdom

DOI: 10.2514/1.J050886

Despite reporting useful computational modeling and experiments, Samanta et al. [1] incorrectly apply the empirical Nusselt-Rayleigh correlation of Scanlan et al. [2] for free (natural) convective heat transfer between concentric spheres. They attribute the correlation used in their Eq. (19) to a private communication with J. Jones (2009). However, Jones[†] took this correlation from Holman's well-known text [3] (also see earlier editions), which incorrectly quotes the scale length used by Scanlan et al. [2]. Perpetuation of this error will lead to significant differences in predicted heat transfer rates and deserves to be highlighted to prevent similar recurrence.

It is also worth noting that for internal free convection inside a sphere, Hutchins and Marschall [4] probably offer a better correlation than the one of Carlson and Horn [5] quoted by Samanta et al. [1]. Furthermore, Churchill [6] offers a corrected correlation for high-Rayleigh-number free convective flows around a sphere of uniform temperature, which would be more suitable than the one quoted by Samanta et al. [1]. Again, this may lead to significant differences in heat transfer rates at Rayleigh numbers approaching the range of applicability for possible Titan Montgolfières [7] and other planetary balloons [8].

References

- [1] Samanta, A., Appelö, D., Colonius, T., Nott, J., and Hall, J., “Computational Modeling and Experiments of Natural Convection for a Titan Montgolfiere,” *AIAA Journal*, Vol. 48, No. 5, 2010, pp. 1007–1015.
doi:10.2514/1.45854
- [2] Scanlan, J. A., Bishop, E. H., and Powe, R. E., “Natural Convection Heat Transfer Between Concentric Spheres,” *International Journal of Heat and Mass Transfer*, Vol. 13, 1970, pp. 1857–1872.
doi:10.1016/0017-9310(70)90089-X
- [3] Holman, J. P., *Heat Transfer*, 7th ed., McGraw-Hill, New York, 1992, pp. 335–358.
- [4] Hutchins, J., and Marschall, E., “Pseudosteady-State Natural Convection Heat Transfer Inside Spheres,” *International Journal of Heat and Mass Transfer*, Vol. 32, No. 11, 1989, pp. 2047–2053.
doi:10.1016/0017-9310(89)90111-7
- [5] Carlson, L. A., and Horn, W. J., “New Thermal and Trajectory Model for High Altitude Balloons,” *Journal of Aircraft*, Vol. 20, No. 6, 1983, pp. 500–507.
doi:10.2514/3.44900
- [6] Churchill, S. W., “Theoretically Based Correlating Equations for Free Convection from Isothermal Spheres,” *Chemical Engineering Communications*, Vol. 24, 1983, pp. 339–352.
doi:10.1080/00986448308940090
- [7] Dorrington, G. E., “Concept Options for the Aerial Survey of Titan,” *Advances in Space Research* (to be published).
10.1016/j.asr.2010.08.033
- [8] Dorrington, G. E., “Venus Atmospheric Platform Options,” *Advances in Space Research*, Vol. 46, 2010, pp. 310–326.
doi:10.1016/j.asr.2010.03.025

D. Gaitonde
Associate Editor

Received 25 August 2010; accepted for publication 8 November 2010. Copyright © 2010 by the American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Inc. All rights reserved. Copies of this paper may be made for personal or internal use, on condition that the copier pay the \$10.00 per-copy fee to the Copyright Clearance Center, Inc., 222 Rosewood Drive, Danvers, MA 01923; include the code 0001-1452/11 and \$10.00 in correspondence with the CCC.

*School of Engineering and Materials Science, Mile End Road; g.dorrington@qmul.ac.uk.

[†]Private communication with J. Jones, 2010.